

GERMAN ATTACK ON SOMME SMASHED

Teutons Launch Assault With Liquid Fire After French Make Gain.

BRITISH TAKE TRENCH

Haig's Men Gain More Ground Northeast of Lesbœufs Village.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Concerted attacks by British and French infantry upon the village of Le Transloy, the strongest point in the German line southeast of Beaumont, were made to-day. Though the British lost two armored tanks, hit by German shells, they captured a trench southwest of Le Transloy, and the French gained a little ground south of the village.

The French also made progress and took prisoners near Blaches, just across the Somme from Peronne, the French main objective. At 3 o'clock this afternoon the Germans counter attacked in this region, using liquid fire. The French batteries poured a barrage fire on the advancing Teutons, which broke the attack before the liquid fire did much damage.

Verdun was less active than the Somme front to-day. The artillery cannonade was very heavy around the Douaumont and Mortenau positions, which the French recaptured last Tuesday, but neither Germans nor French made infantry attacks.

The British Report.

Tonight's British statement says: We made a further advance this morning northeast of Lesbœufs and captured another trench. The enemy shelled heavily various parts of our front.

South of the Ancre and elsewhere, beyond intermittent shelling, there was trench mortar activity, there is nothing to report.

Yesterday, despite a strong adverse wind, much useful reconnaissance work was done by our aeroplanes. One machine is missing.

The French night statement says: South of the Somme, after a violent bombardment, the Germans at 3 o'clock in the afternoon attacked our positions north of Lesbœufs. Our machine gunners, using liquid fire, broke the attack and threw the enemy back into their original positions.

North of Verdun artillery fighting continued lively in the Haumont-Douaumont sector. There was no infantry action.

French Make Progress.

The afternoon French statement says: On the Somme front we made some progress in the regions of Sailly-Bellé and Blaches and took some prisoners.

North of Verdun artillery fighting continued without any infantry action.

The German statement says: Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—British attacks, which developed after strong artillery fire, were repulsed. The German statement says: The French made some progress in the regions of Sailly-Bellé and Blaches and took some prisoners.

North of Verdun artillery fighting continued without any infantry action.

FRENCH CAPTURE GARDLEVO.

Alles Pushing Forward Again Toward Monastir in Macedonia.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—French and Serbs have pushed forward again toward Monastir, in western Macedonia. The French have stormed and captured the village of Gardlevo, south of Monastir, and some trenches between Kenali and the River Cerna, where there is one of the strongest of the Bulgarian defense positions. The Serbs have taken trenches in the same region.

These announcements are made in tonight's French War Office statement and a Serbian statement telegraphed from Monastir. The German statement says, however: "Southwest of Kenali and in the bend of the Cerna, hostile attacks failed with sanguinary losses." The Bulgarian statement is susceptible to two interpretations. It says that in the Cerna bend "some attacks" were repulsed.

The French statement concludes: "On our left wing the artillery struggle continues very active. The fire of our batteries caused the explosion of an ammunition depot near Volushina, north of Kishovo."

BIG RUSH FOR FRENCH LOAN.

Tellers in Some Parts of Paris Run Out of Receipts.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—The closing day for subscriptions to the second war loan notwithstanding extremely unfavorable weather conditions, brought out such numbers of subscribers in Paris, particularly in quarters occupied by the laboring class, that many loan tellers ran out of certificates and were obliged to resort to improvised receipts.

No estimates of the total subscriptions will be possible for several days. The only indications of the result are found in the largely increased receipts of gold at the Bank of France and in the greater number of individual subscriptions received at the bank and other institutions, as compared with the first loan. The Bank of France received \$16,400,000 in gold during the three weeks ended October 26, an against average receipts of \$1,200,000 a week.

Turks Routed in Persia.

PETROPOLE, Oct. 29.—The development of a Turkish offensive movement in the Hamadan sector in Persia is reported in today's Russian official statement. The Turks, who advanced in considerable force, were defeated in a pitched battle and their forward movement checked.

PICKS AUSTRIAN MINISTRY.

Premier von Koerber Submits List to the Emperor.

VIENNA, via London, Oct. 29.—Austria's new Premier, Dr. von Koerber, has submitted to Emperor Franz Joseph a list of the new Cabinet. The impression is that the Ministry will be composed entirely of men acceptable both to Dr. von Koerber and Count Tisa, the Hungarian Premier.

The Vienna Tagblatt calls von Koerber "the right man in the right place" and draws attention to the fact that the relations between the Austrian and Hungarian Premiers are excellent and that therefore their cooperation is assured.

Some of the leading editors in the newspapers leave the impression that chief is felt that a new Premier has taken the place of Count Starobinski.

RUMANIANS PURSUE FLEEING INVADERS

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continuing their offensive and pursuing the enemy, who is retreating in the mountains. We have captured an additional 10 officers and 250 Bavarian soldiers. Reserve Sub-Lieut. Patrascoiu, with a unit under his command, captured two howitzer batteries and 105 millimeter calibre belonging to the Twenty-first Regiment of Bavarian Artillery. The guns were immediately put into action against the enemy, rendering us great service.

In the Orsova region, after a violent bombardment, the enemy attacked us at Versele, Varful and Cococul, but was repulsed.

BLAMES RUMANIA.

Bulgar King Says His Country Was Treacherously Attacked.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—According to a letter despatched from Amsterdam, a South telegram quotes from the speech from the throne opening the Bulgarian Parliament as follows:

"Rumania, profiting by the embarrassment of Bulgaria, declared war in 1915, invaded in a wicked manner the territory of our kingdom and ravished the rich and fertile Dobruja. On August 7, 1916, she declared war upon the allied monarchy of Austria-Hungary and attacked our Danube towns at the same time and even before war was declared. Her troops indulged in atrocities and she began to exterminate the Bulgarian population from the territory ravished by her."

"This attack forced us to order our army to enter Rumania, repulse the unexpected attack, chastise Rumania for what she had done in 1913 and deliver from bondage our brothers in the Dobruja."

RUSSIANS PREPARE DRIVE.

Whole Stocked Line Is Bombarded by Heavy Artillery.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Movements of importance are believed to be in preparation on the Russian front, especially in Volhynia. Reconnaissance and heavy artillery fire are announced all along the Stokhod, northeast of Kovel, and artillery duels and hand grenade fighting on the rest of the front. A big Russian offensive to help Rumania has been hinted in despatches. The Russian statement to-day says:

Successful reconnaissance have taken place on the River Stokhod, a tributary of the Stokhod (Volhynia). In the region of the village of Sit-tovitch and the village of Rudnik-Mirnyakia (nineteen miles east of Kovel), and also in the region of Belick. Along the rest of the front artillery duels and hand grenade fighting are proceeding.

To-day's German statement says an infantry attack was made at one point but was beaten back by the German curtain of fire. The statement says:

Front of Prince Leopold: The Russians held almost the entire line of the Stokhod under a lively fire which reached its greatest violence west of Lutsk. A Russian attack launched from the forest district east of Selsov broke down under our curtain of fire.

ITALIAN GUNS ACTIVE.

Unfavorable Weather Prevents Infantry Operations.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Unfavorable weather conditions on the Austro-Italian front are interfering with operations. The Rome War Office statement says:

Artillery duels took place yesterday in the Adige Valley, in the region of Monte Cauriol, and on the Julian front. Bad weather prevails throughout the theatre of operations.

The Austrian statement says: On the coastal front the enemy artillery fire and mine throwing activity increased in strength and extent. East of Gorizia and the Carso the enemy infantry reconnoitered before our positions.

WARNS ENGLAND OF U-BOAT BLOCKADE

D. T. Curtin Says Germans Plan Activity Off American Coast.

NEW ENGINES TESTED

Deutschland's Trip Is Said to Have Been Initial Experiment.

Special Cable to The Sun from the London Times.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—A long distance submarine blockade of England in waters far from Europe, such as the U-55 carried out for a short time, is sure to be undertaken on a large scale, writes Thomas Curtin of Boston in the Times to-day. The Deutschland's visit to Baltimore was to "take soundings" for this blockade.

"The trip of the Deutschland was not to get from the United States a few tons of nickel and rubber," he writes, "but to test thoroughly new submarine engines evolved by the Germans, to report on the effects of submergence in cold water, such as those off Newfoundland, and to ascertain how many days of surface and submerged travelling were likely to be experienced."

Warns Great Britain.

"One fact stands out, that the radius of action of German submarines is increasing monthly. A long distance blockade will certainly be attempted. You (Great Britain) will do well to look to your food reserves even if only as a precaution against such frightful future."

NEUTRAL SHIPS ARE SUNK.

Norwegian, Danish and Greek Vessels Torpedoed by Teutons.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The steamer Angelika, conveying volunteers to Salonika, has been torpedoed at Eleves, says a Heuter despatch from Athens to-day. It is probable that the volunteers were recruits for the force being gathered by the provisional Greek Government.

The Norwegian sailing ship Regina of Skien was set on fire by German submarine U-34 while the ship was on her way from Norway to England. Two of her crew were drowned.

Lloyds announces that the Danish steamer Sif, of 165 tons gross, and the Russian three masted schooner Ingersoll, of 215 tons, have been sunk.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—A despatch from Christiana to the Overseas News Agency quotes the *Aftonposten* as reporting the arrival of a German submarine at Helsingvaag with the crew of the British steamer Poind, comprising twenty-three men, on board. The Poind, the report adds, with 3,500 tons of coal on board, for Alexandrovsk from Newcastle, was sunk by the submarine thirty miles off North Cape.

"The Swedish steamer Arvid," says an Overseas News Agency statement, "foundered near Naambo during a storm. In spite of the rough sea running a German submarine rescued the crew and took them on board until they could be placed aboard the schooner Golden Gate."

FIRE ON THE CHICAGO IS OUT.

None of the Passengers Injured, Says Message From Azores.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—None of the passengers of the crew of the French liner steamship Chicago was injured through the fire which caused her to put into the Azores, where the flames in her hold were extinguished. A telegram received to-day by the French line from its agent in the Azores says the damage was slight.

The Chicago, and the agent's message, will resume her voyage to New York tomorrow or Tuesday.

MANY NATIONS HELP AT ITALIAN BAZAAR

International Flavor in Theatrical Club Booth—Lost Spaghetti Recovered.

Most of the nationalities which are arrayed on the side of the Allies were represented last night at the Italian Bazaar in the Grand Central Palace. The booth of the United Theatrical Clubs in particular had an international flavor. Signor Saturnio Avesani, melodious Milanese; Edouard Kurjio, dancer from the Imperial Opera in Warsaw, and Rosa Munde, a Danish ballet girl at the Metropolitan, all checked in early and helped to swell the receipts for the Italians.

At the Italian Red Cross booth, conducted by Mrs. Lionello Perera and Miss Lina Yonon, sixty-three new members were enrolled in a short time, and several thousand dollars worth of chances were sold. The booth which is in charge of the Australian War Relief Fund had A. H. Benjamin at its head, and the Misses Mignonne Scantbury, May Gales and Ursula Barbera, all from the land of kangaroos, helping to sell chances for an automobile.

With all the booths going at full tilt, a theatrical performance was taking place in the centre of the hall under direction of Emmanuele Gatti. To one whose knowledge of Italian was limited to "Viva Cristoforo Colombo," the proceedings under Signor Gatti were baffling, but they brought fervent applause from his countrymen.

Perhaps the best news of the day, from the Italian standpoint, was that ten tons of spaghetti, delayed by a strike in the factories, have at last been delivered at the Grand Central Palace. On the first day of the bazaar it looked as if everybody would have to refrain from the national pastime, but the spaghetti strikers, swayed by patriotic motives if not by doubt, relented in time.

REDMOND ASKS HOME RULE NOW

Says State of Ireland Menaces Victorious Ending of War.

LONDON, Oct. 30 (Monday).—Speaking at Eilat yesterday John Redmond, the Irish leader, said that the Government putting into effect of home rule for Ireland.

"The present state of Ireland," said Redmond, "is a serious menace to the British Empire to a victorious ending of the war. Ireland's suspicion of British statesmen and their promises should be met with trust and home rule put immediately into operation. This would do more to help the successful ending of the war than the alliance of half a dozen neutrals."

"Ireland is suffering from a brain storm. A gust of passion has swept the country and a period of calm is necessary. Common sense is rapidly reasserting itself and the garrison is subsiding. Ireland has come to believe that she must not sacrifice the fruits of forty years of patient labor in a moment of anger and disappointment."

FEARY URGES BIG AIR FLEET.

Rear Admiral Would Have Picket Line All Along Coast.

Rear Admiral Robert E. Feary in an address yesterday at Mount Morris Baptist Church said the United States should have enough aeroplanes and aviators to form an aerial picket line 100 miles out from shore along all the seacoast of the United States. The air service, he said, was destined to be more important as a means of national defense than the army and navy combined.

He also said that he was in favor of a fleet of eight battle cruisers, each with a speed of 25 knots, stationed at Hampton Roads, so that they could get to Halifax or Havana in twenty-four hours. We should have a similar fleet on the Pacific, he said. He believed that the government's department of aeronautics should be separate from the army and navy.

MEXICAN CHIEFS IN ATTACK ON WILSON

Continued from First Page.

policy which will combine sympathy with firmness and consistency."

Candido Aguilar, Secretary of Relations, is quoted as follows:

"Wilson's policy has made Mexico feel like a man at whom is pointed a loaded and cocked pistol and who is kept in this uncomfortable and uncertain position for a long and nerve racking period. If the trigger is to be pulled the man would prefer to have it done at once so that the worst would be over quickly. But naturally, he would prefer to have his enemy put away the gun and become an honest friend."

"The Mexican people are grateful to President Wilson for understanding, as President Taft did not, that the revolution in Mexico is a genuine social movement. They are grateful to Wilson for his intelligence and his courage in refusing to recognize Huerta. But they feel that Wilson's policy has at times been marked by vacillation and double dealing, or at least, that his words and deeds have not always been reconcilable with each other. What Mexico wants from the American President, whatever his name may be, is a policy that is firm, frank, consistent and constructive. Mexico would even prefer an open and honest hostility to false friendship."

Says Villa Gets Help.

Gen. Alvaro Obregon says:

"Wilson made a grave mistake when he sent Gen. Pershing expedition to the border. He should have held back his force long enough to have permitted us to arrange to cooperate with Pershing. Another complaint we have to make about Wilson is that his government tolerates the secret shipment of munitions to Villa, Zapata and other Mexican bandits."

"But the greatest failing of President Wilson is that he acts so seldom in accordance with his words. Wilson makes too many declarations which have no facts behind them. You need not examine his policy for substantiation of this; just look at the record of his dealings with Germany."

Gen. Pablo Gonzalez says in the course of his interview:

"The Pershing expedition and the embargo on certain articles which the Constitutional Government had been obtaining in the United States have retarded the complete pacification and reconstruction of the country by at least a year. I will repeat—and I speak with frankness, because I believe that in this way the honest and cultured part of the American people will be better impressed—I will repeat that the ambiguous policy of President Wilson is resulting disastrously for the very ends which he is attempting to gain; and while such a policy continues it is useless to demand that the Constitutional Government finish the work of reconstruction, because its efforts will be fruitless before the artificiality maintains the vitality of our enemies, who at each blow given them by the Constitutionalists receive some direct or indirect support from some foreign nation."

"I wish that President Wilson would be our friend and give proof of his friendship with deeds, or that he would be our enemy and declare openly war on us. But he ought not to exaggerate us with his policy of double dealing, over-whelming us on the one hand with honeyed words and glib professions of sympathy, and on the other hand protecting our enemies and obstructing the consolidation of our Government."

Question of Verdicts.

How the Cabrera statement originated has been the subject of much speculation and apparently has narrowed down to a question of veracity between Senor Cabrera and the member of the new

BATTLE OF SOMME ON SCREEN HERE

Chimpanzee Chief Actor in "The Masque of Life"—Changes of Bills.

If the picture at the Park Theatre is a fair example of the state of the motion picture in Europe now, the American invasion of that field, which is reported by the few who have been permitted to travel in Europe, is not amazing, because it is possible to see in almost any of the popular priced movies, temples here pictures which show an equal or greater amount of enterprise, ingenuity and art.

"The Masque of Life," which has been running for the past week at the Park Theatre, depends for its chief interest on a chimpanzee. The similar, however, shares the chief honors with Rita Jolly and Hamilton Revelle. When the chimpanzee shines up the lightning rod of the royal palace one for a moment expects to see him steal a baby. The climactic incident of the play is the rescue of the baby from the top of a smokestack, where the chimpanzee has taken it. The story of the play is the love of a prince for a circus performer.

The battle of the Somme is as nothing compared with the struggle between the rival motion picture palaces to show the most thrilling war pictures, and as usual the making plays because the films are good and it has to be the best of the week pictures of the battle of the Somme taken for the British Government by the British army. The picture is the feature of the Strand programme, "The Soul of Kura-San," with the Japanese actor, Sessue Hayakawa, and Myrtle Stedman.

Further than these remarks, it was stated, there was no reference in any part of Mr. Cabrera's conversation to the United States Government or its officers.

"The public should be warned," Mr. Arredondo added, "that many false statements have appeared and will continue to be published in the United States by enemies of the de facto Government whose purpose is to bring about intervention in Mexico and the United States."

SWEET POTATO COSTS \$4.99.

Pedler Sells One on Sunday for 1 Cent and Pays \$5 Fine.

Harry Gold of 334 Rivington street sold a sweet potato for a cent last night and lost at least \$4.99 by the deal.

Gold is a pushcart pedler. Patrolman Hefferan saw him make the sale of the vegetable and arrested him in Delancey street. Magistrate Krotel fined Gold \$5 for violation of the Sabbath code.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Claude, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sheldon, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Corie, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. William Joyce, Philadelphia.

Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Moore, Winnipeg; R. M. Seale, Rochester; Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Butler and Mrs. Butlerford, Montreal; R. P. Gardner, Portland, Me.; Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Ryan, Chicago.

Vanderbilt, Mrs. C. H. Lodge, Richmond, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Tuckey, J. C. Atter, Fort Madison; J. B. Arnold, Lockport, N. Y.

Marshall, James Mollison, London; Claude H. Wilson, Easton, Pa.; R. Morse and wife, Allentown, E. M. Gibbs, York, Pa.

Waldorf Astoria, Robert O. Leitch, Baltimore; Chester L. Jones, Kansas City; Mrs. Burton W. Wilson, Mexico City; John E. Turner, Philadelphia; H. D. Spencer, Idaho Falls; W. Bruce Dick, Kenneth Durward, London.

McAlpin, W. H. Wood, Charlotte, N. C.; S. Pitt, Cincinnati; Maurice W. St. L. Bower, London; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Beaz, New Haven, Conn.

Plaza, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Rozera, Paris; C. B. Metz, Toledo; Eugene Oberdorfer, Chicago.

Netherland, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Crosby, Cleveland; H. Doorman, London; S. W. Dreyer, Boston.

Ritz-Carlton, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Howes, Detroit, Cal.; Sr. John Price and Mrs. Price, and Mrs. William L. Baum, Chicago.

St. Paul Avenue, Robert S. Cove, Savannah; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cole, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Brown, Elmer, Wis.; W. J. Hall, Philadelphia; Wanda Andrews, Hackensack, N. J.; J. H. and Mrs. Jopham, Columbus, Ga.

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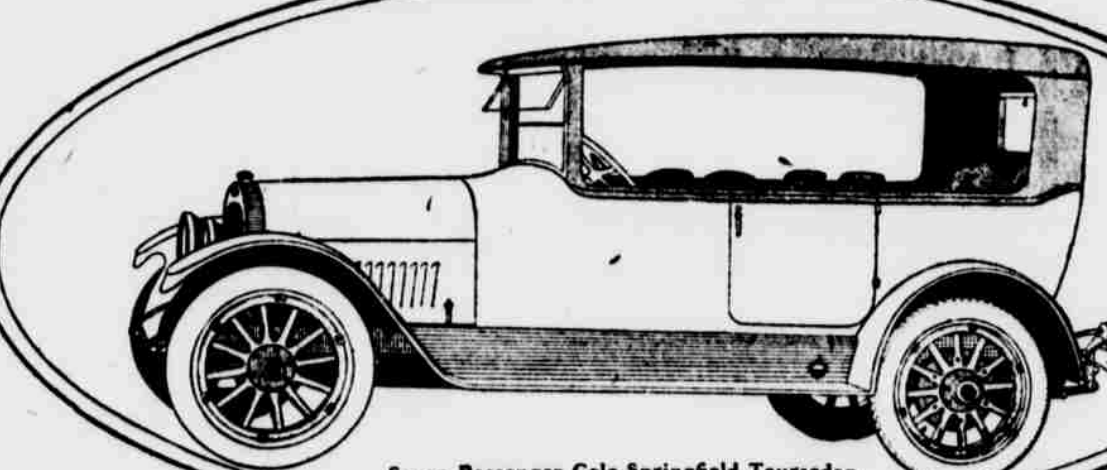
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Since the establishment of the present Cole Eight prices there have been enormous increases in the expense of production.

Practically every material and manufacturing cost has gone up.

Consequently the price of the Cole Eight must be advanced proportionately with the increase in the cost of manufacturing it under prevailing conditions.

Present prices, however, will prevail on all cars delivered prior to January first.

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7 Passenger Cole Eight Touring Car	\$1595
4 Passenger Cole Eight Roadster	\$1595
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